

FDA

**U.S. FOOD & DRUG
ADMINISTRATION**

CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION & RESEARCH
OFFICE OF CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Translating New Science Into Drug Development & Evaluation



David Strauss, MD, PhD

Director, Division of Applied Regulatory Science

Office of Clinical Pharmacology, Office of Translational Sciences

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

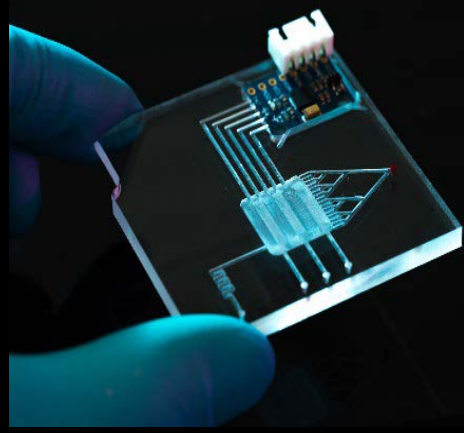
U.S. Food and Drug Administration

What is Regulatory Science?

1. Modeling & Simulation



2. In Vitro Models



3. In Vivo Models



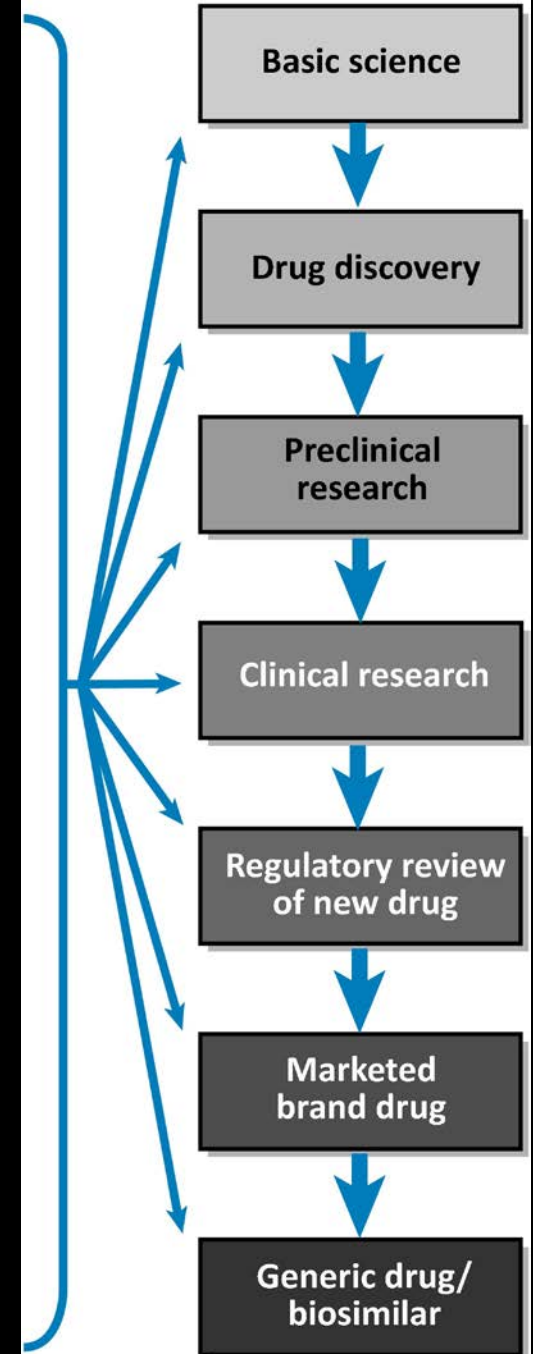
4. Biomarkers



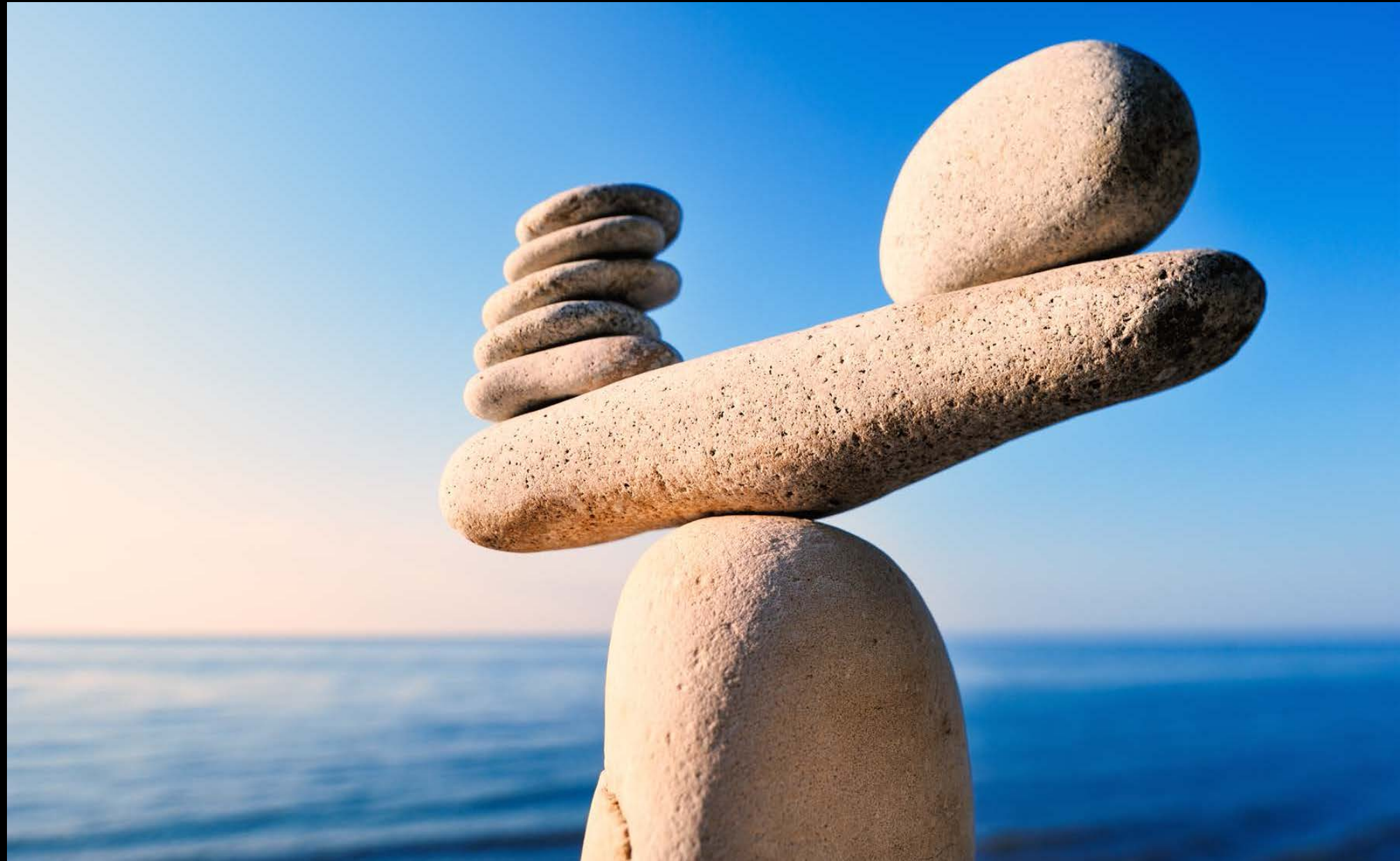
5. Innovative Clinical Trial Designs



6. Real World Data



Why Do We Need Regulatory Science?



Talk Outline: Regulatory Science at FDA

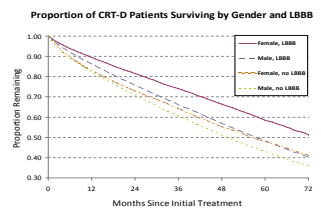
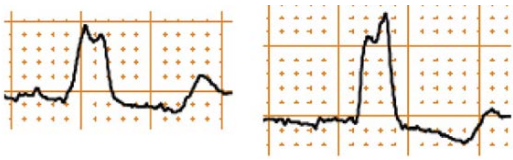
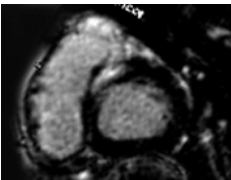
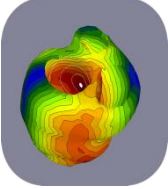
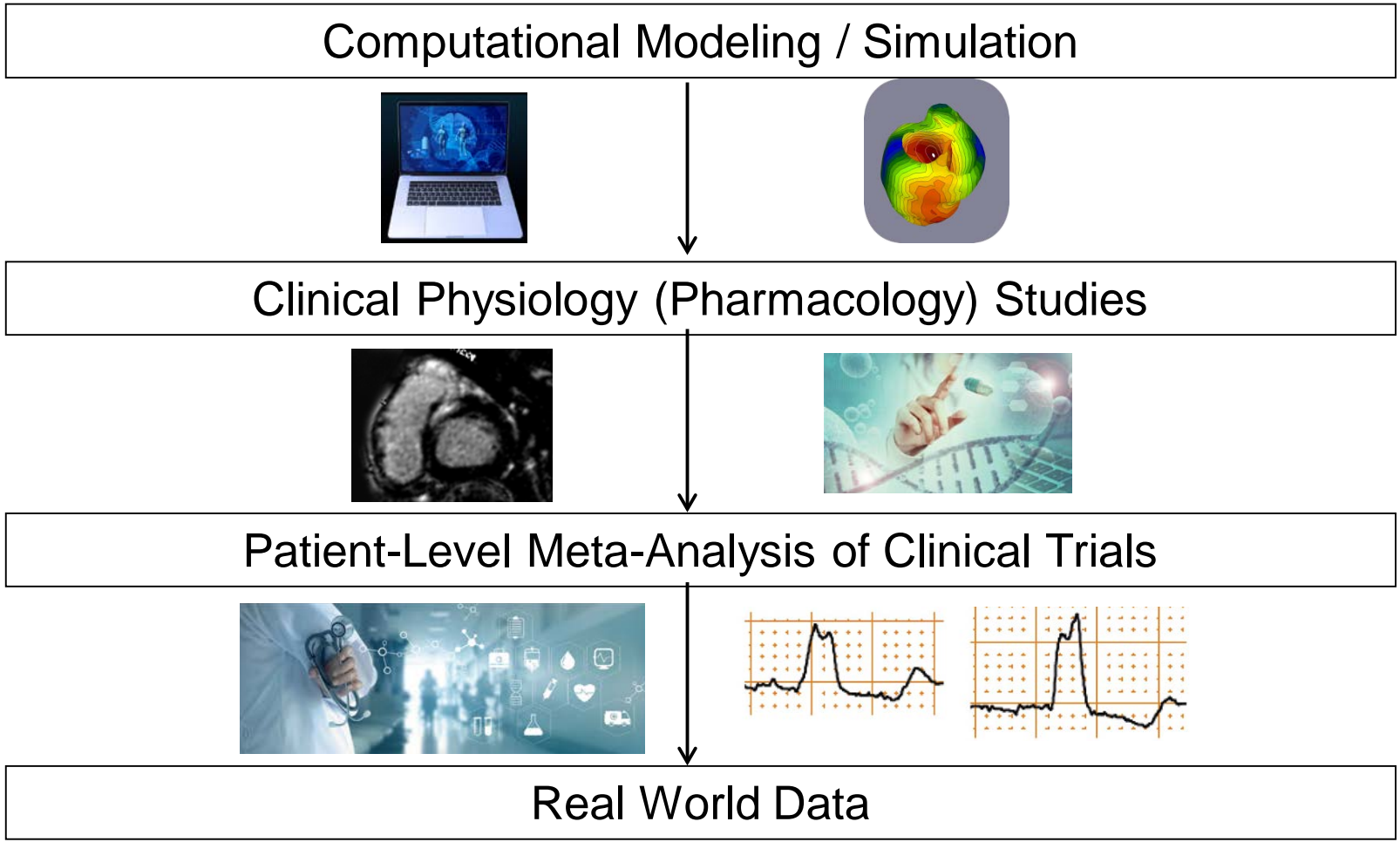
1. Medical Devices



2. Drugs



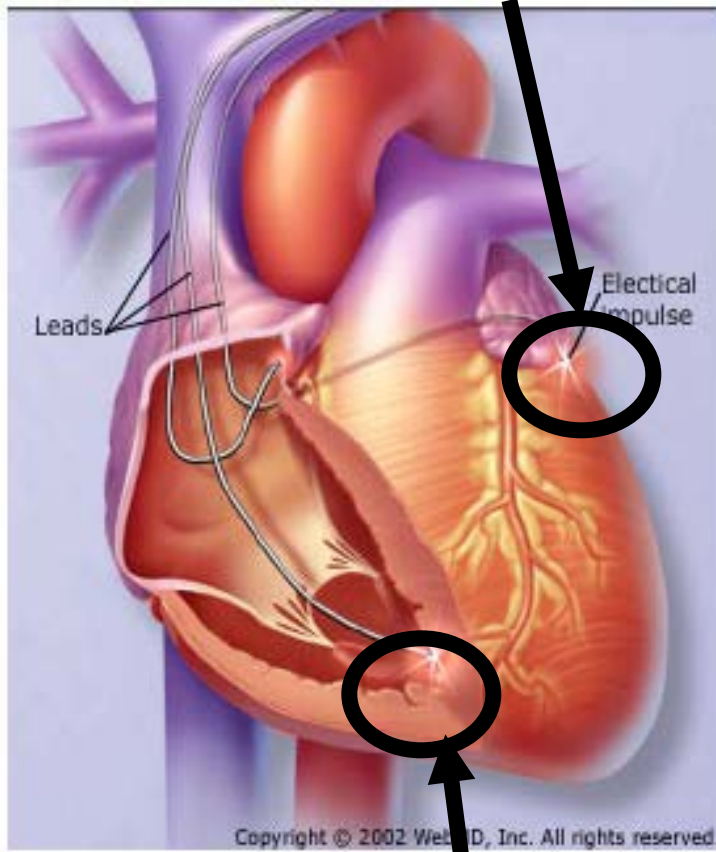
Translational Regulatory Science Approach



Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (Biventricular Pacemaker)



Additional lead for cardiac resynchronization therapy



Traditional
pacemaker lead

- Shown to improve heart failure symptoms, reduce heart failure hospitalization and reduce mortality
- However, not all patients benefit and significant risks exist
- Thus, there is a need for better risk stratification and patient identification criteria
- ~20% of patients in clinical trials were women, thus overall results primarily reflect effects in men

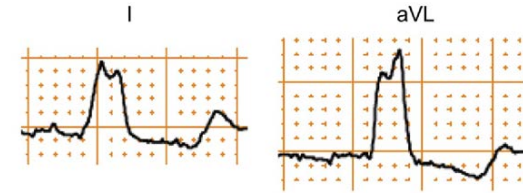
Improved Biomarkers and Diagnostic Criteria for Patient Selection for Therapy



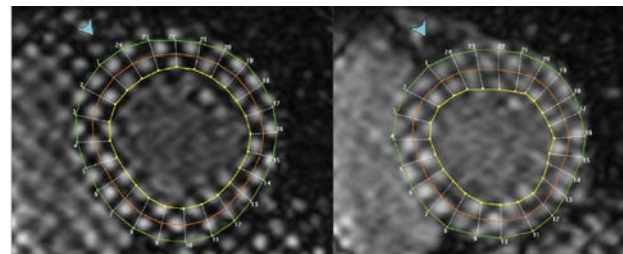
- Patient selection is based on the electrocardiogram (ECG)
- Used modeling & simulation, developed new sex-specific criteria

Defining Left Bundle Branch Block in the Era of Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy

Strauss et al. *American Journal of Cardiology* 2011;15:927-34



- Used cardiac MRI to define the heart pumping characteristics of patients most likely to benefit from therapy



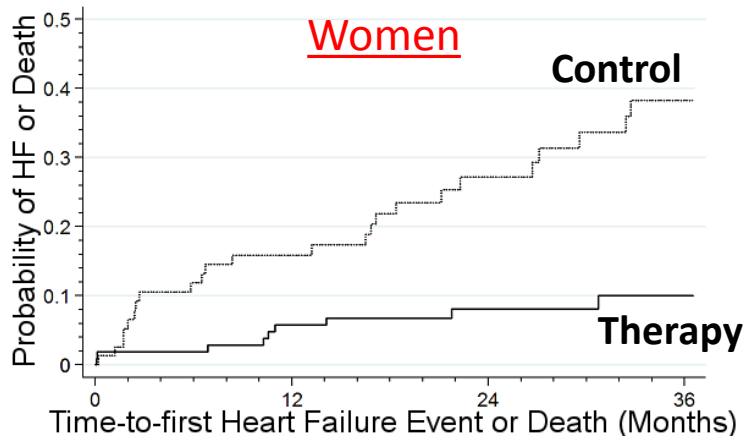
Andersson...Strauss. *American Heart Journal* 2013;165:956-63.

Patient-Level Meta-Analysis of Clinical Trials

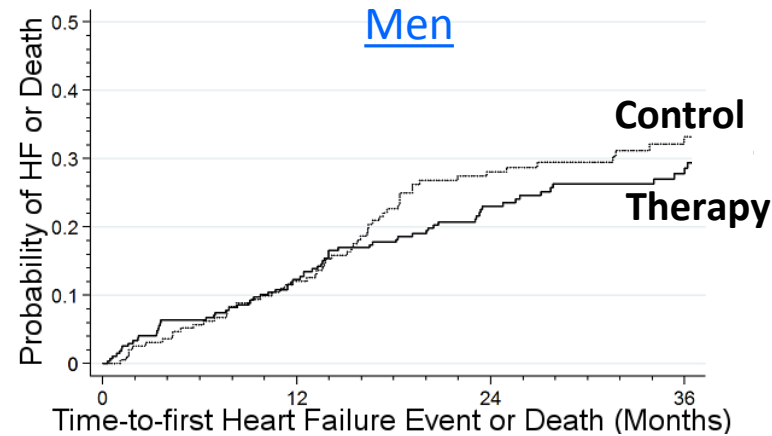
Original Investigation
Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy in Women
 US Food and Drug Administration Meta-analysis
 of Patient-Level Data

Zusterzeel...Strauss. *JAMA: Internal Medicine* 2014;174:1340.

- Both women and men benefited
- However women benefited with different characteristics defined by the ECG



Large benefit in women



No benefit in men

- Women with these characteristics did not receive the highest recommendation for therapy because women only represented ~20% of clinical trial patients and this group of men did not benefit

Patients with QRS duration <150 millisecc

Real World Data with National Medical Device Registries & Medicare Patients



Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy in Women Versus Men Observational Comparative Effectiveness Study From the National Cardiovascular Data Registry

Zusterzeel...Strauss. *Circulation: Cardiovasc Outcomes* 2014;8:S4.

Zusterzeel...Strauss. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2014;64:887.

Left Bundle Branch Block Predicts Better Survival in Women Than Men Receiving Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy

Long-Term Follow-Up of ~145,000 Patients

Loring...Strauss. *J Am Coll Cardiol: Heart Failure* 2013;1:237.

Zusterzeel...Strauss. *Am J Cardiol* 2015;116:79-84.



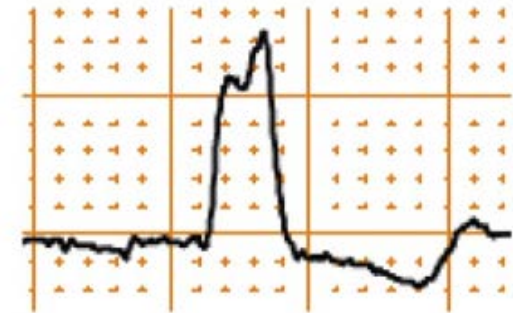
- Used national implantable defibrillator registry linked to long term mortality outcomes
- Long-term outcomes of all Medicare patients
- Confirmed results of prior FDA meta-analysis that women benefit more than men

Personalized Cardiac Device Therapies Summary



We have worked to:

- Redefine diagnostic criteria to predict individual patient benefit from implantable medical devices
- Personalize treatment to women vs. men



We have accomplished this through:

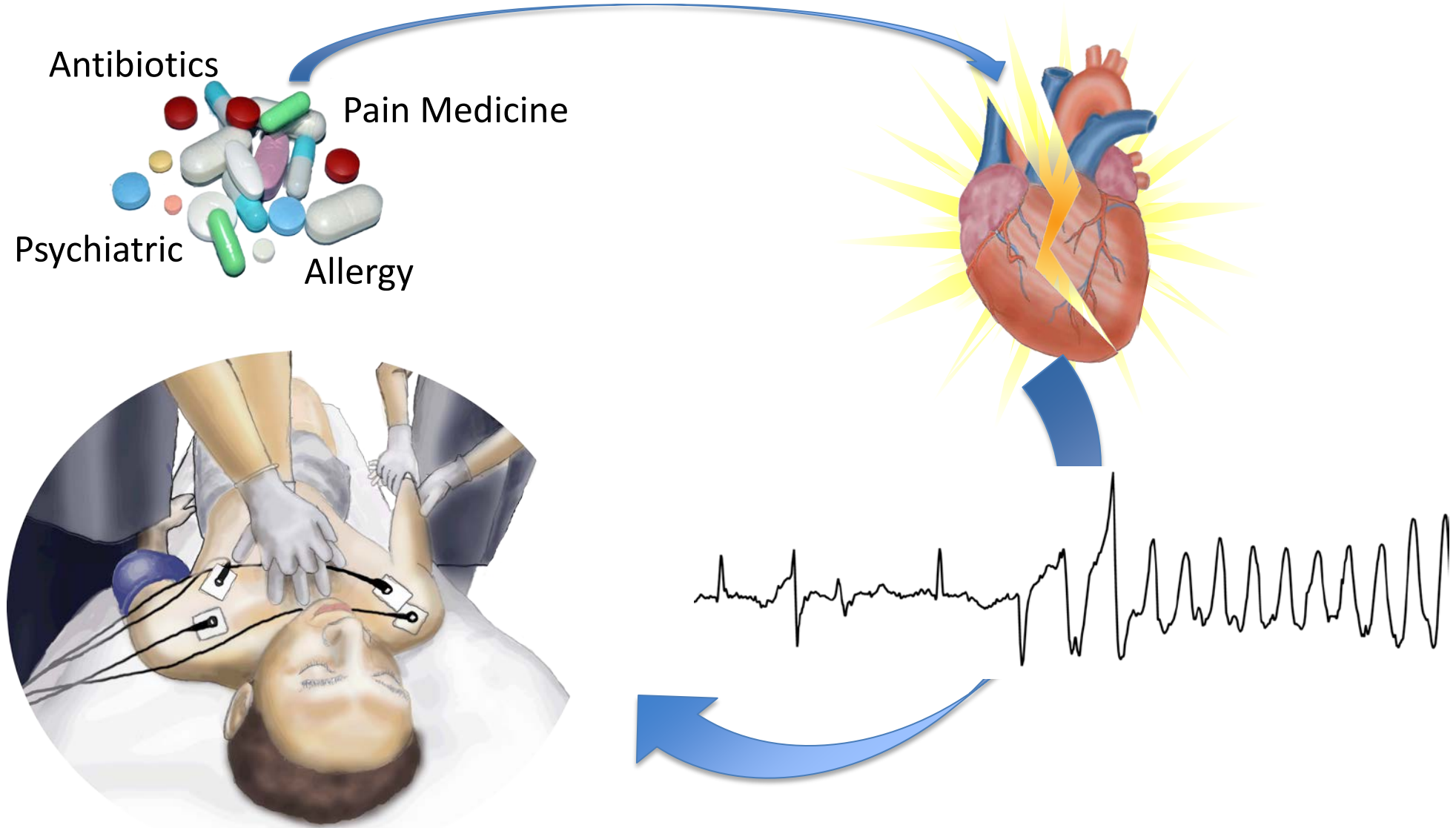
- Translational regulatory science approach
- Collaboration within FDA, with Universities, professional societies and other government agencies

Translational
Research &
Review



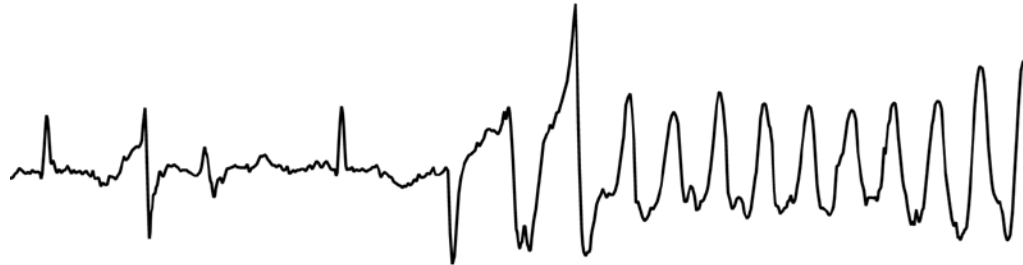
CDER and Clinical Pharmacology

Why Do We Need to Assess Cardiac Safety?

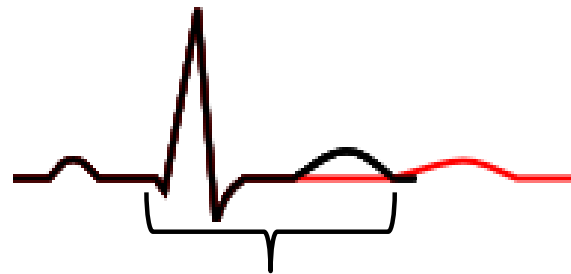


What do the Torsade Drugs Have in Common?

Torsade de pointes ...



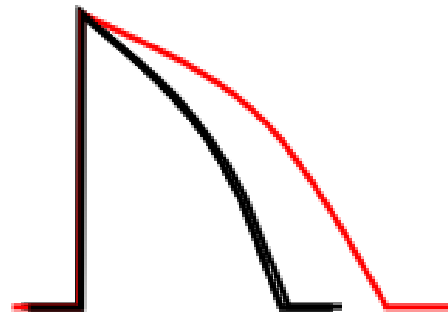
Is associated with
QT prolongation ...



QT interval



Is associated with
action potential
prolongation ...



Heart cell action
potential duration

Is associated
with hERG
channel block



Potassium ions

What the Heck Is “hERG”?

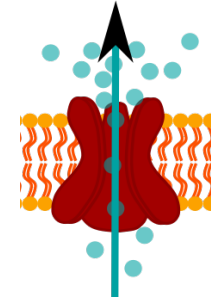
Human *Ether-à-go-go*-Related Gene



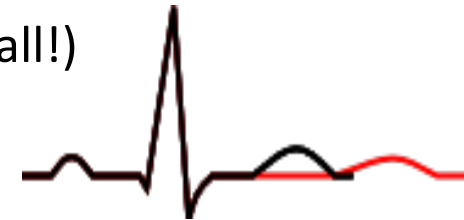
International Council on Harmonization Guidelines in Response to Problem – Established in 2005



- S7B: Non-clinical cardiac safety pharmacology
 - hERG potassium channel block
 - Non-clinical action potential or QT study



- E14: Human Clinical ‘Thorough QT’ study
 - Threshold of concern is ~2% increase in QT (very small!)
 - Most intensive and expensive clinical pharmacology study in drug development



- **Primary goal of assessing QT is to inform whether ECG monitoring in patients is required in clinical phase 3 trials**
- **Not to inform whether a drug causes torsade de pointes**

As some QT prolonging drugs do not cause torsade de pointes

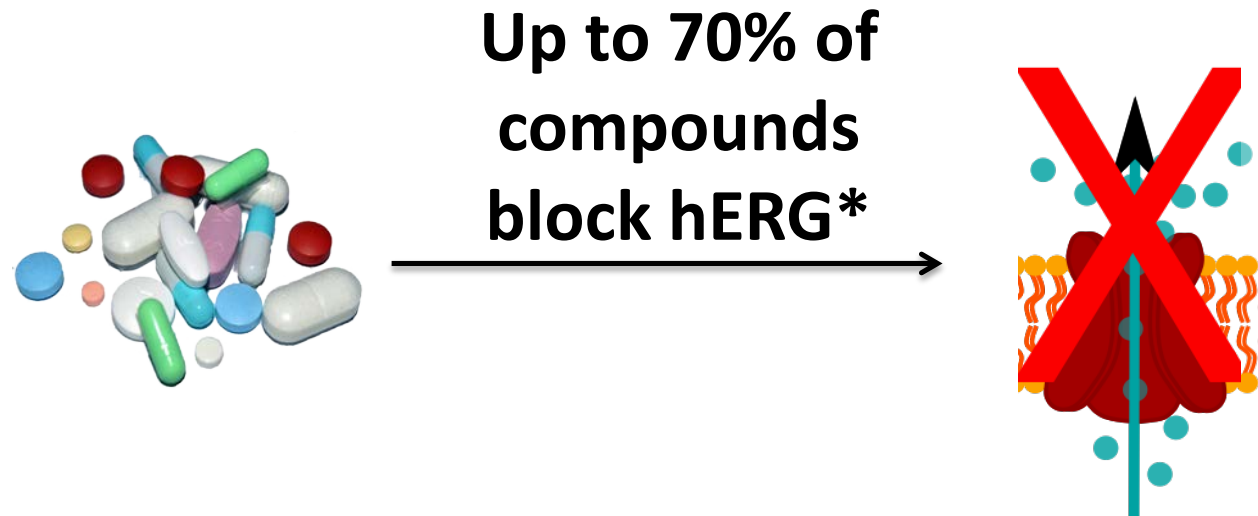
Why Is This a Problem?

- False positive attribution of proarrhythmic risk can result in
 - Poor lead compound selection
 - Unnecessary complexities in drug development (including drugs being dropped from development)
 - Inaccurate labelling regarding risk
 - Which influences (non-ideal) decisions by healthcare providers and patients



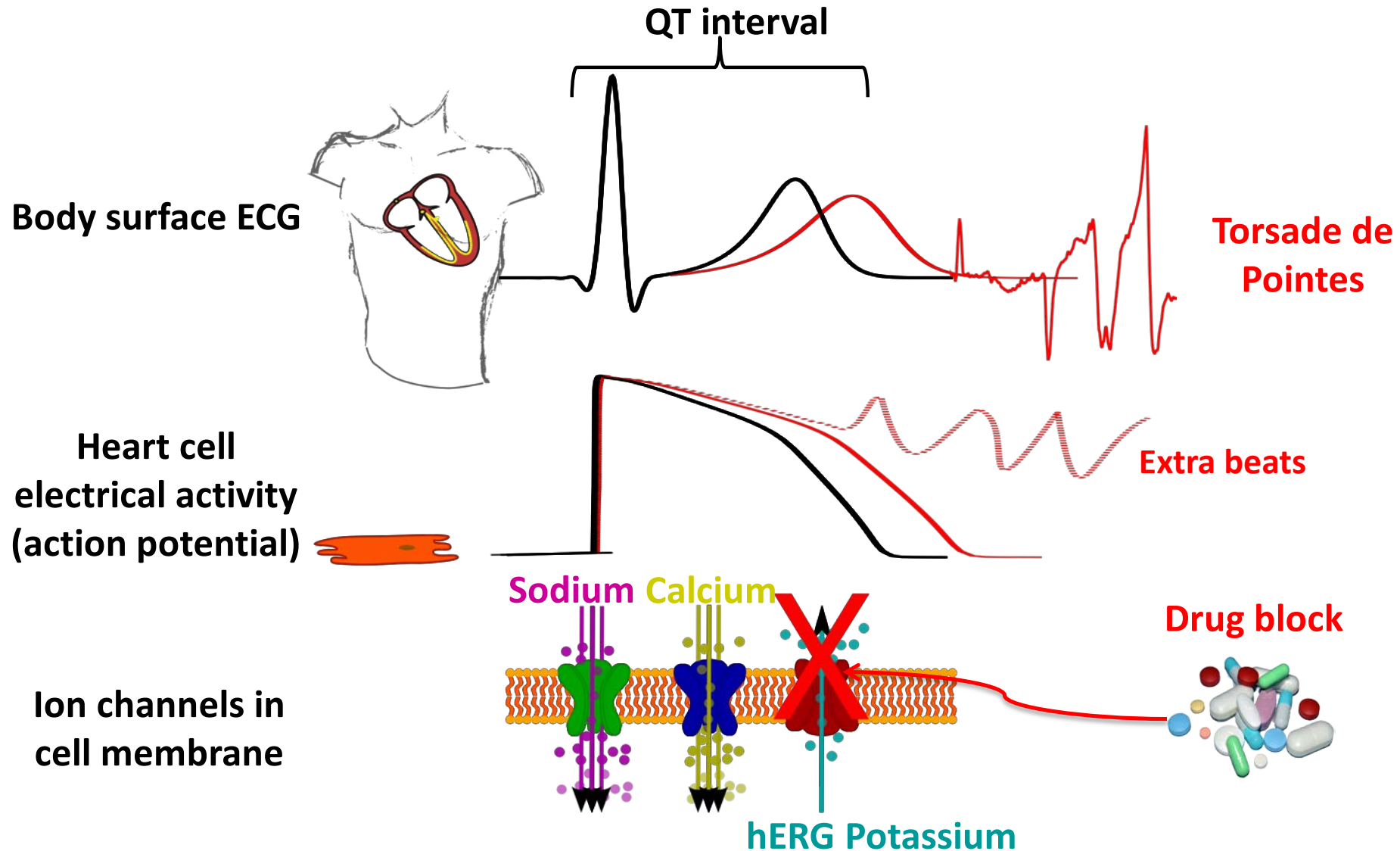
The Scale of the Problem

- hERG is “promiscuous”

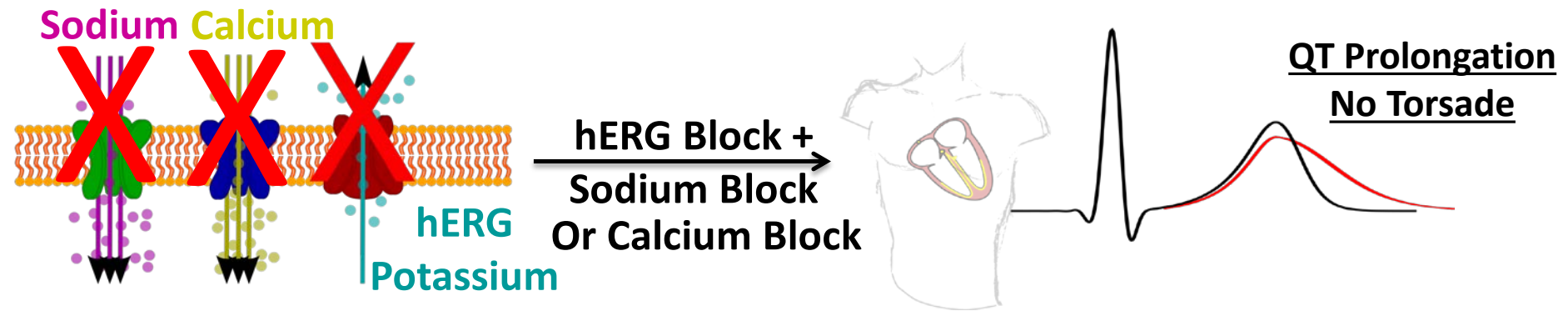


- Many of these compounds are dropped from development – which is not always justified!

When Does QT Prolongation Cause Torsade?



When Does QT Prolongation Not Cause Torsade?



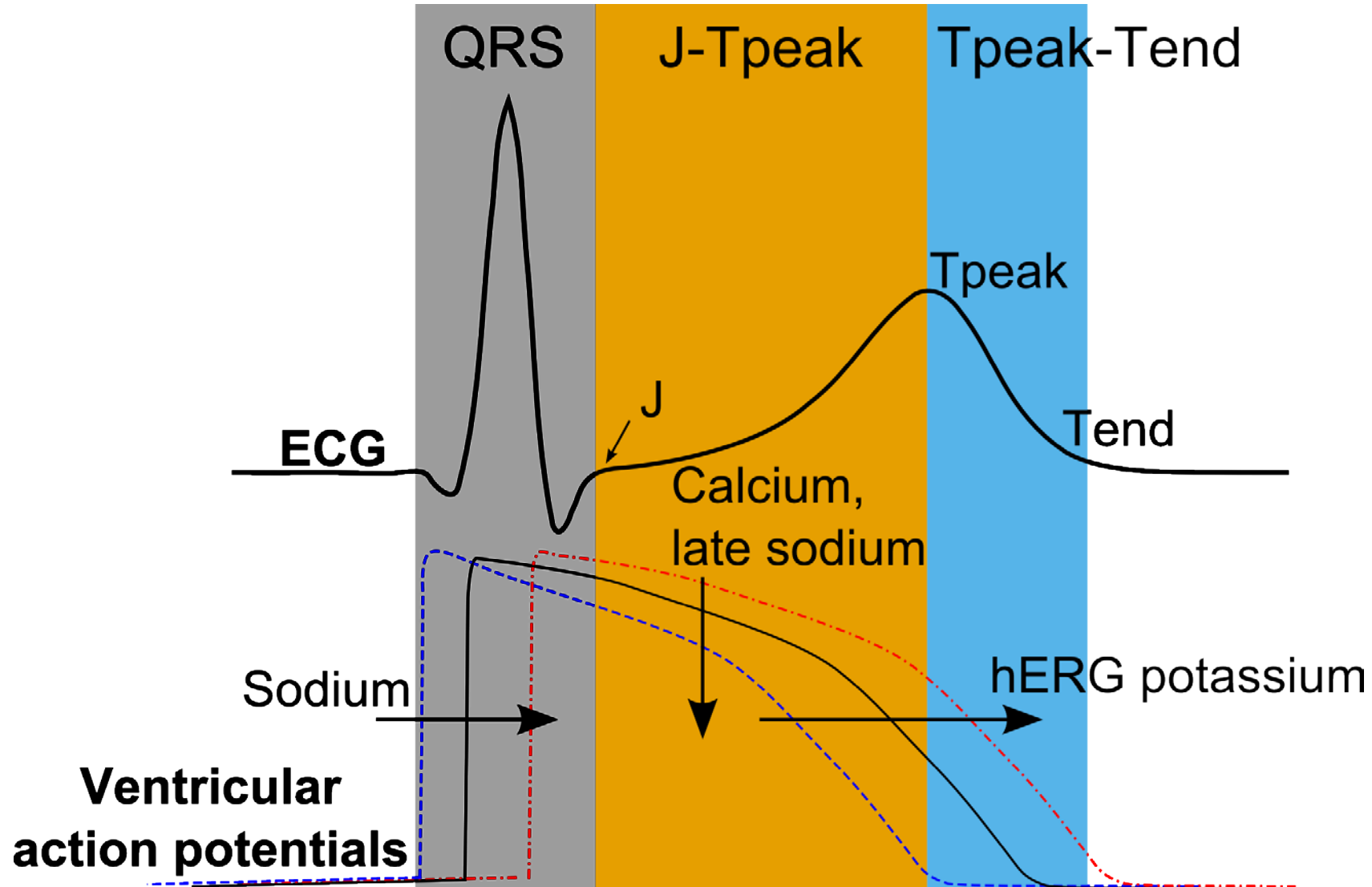
Improving the Assessment of Heart Toxicity for All New Drugs Through Translational Regulatory Science

L Johannesen^{1,2,3}, J Vicente^{2,4}, RA Gray², L Galeotti², Z Loring², CE Garnett^{1,5}, J Florian¹, M Ugander^{2,3}, N Stockbridge⁶ and DG Strauss²

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics 2014;95:501-8.

- Analysis of 34 'Thorough QT' clinical trials submitted to FDA along with corresponding *in vitro* data
- Identified novel electrocardiographic biomarker to differentiate multi-ion channel block

Going Beyond QT to Differentiate Multi-Channel Effects



Prospective Clinical Trials

nature publishing group

CLINICAL TRIAL

Differentiating Drug-Induced Multichannel Block on the Electrocardiogram: Randomized Study of Dofetilide, Quinidine, Ranolazine, and Verapamil

L Johannesen^{1,2}, J Vicente^{1,3}, JW Mason⁴, C Sanabria⁴, K Waite-Labott⁴, M Hong⁵, P Guo⁵, J Lin⁵, JS Sørensen⁶, L Galeotti¹, J Florian⁶, M Ugander^{1,2}, N Stockbridge⁷ and DG Strauss^{1,2}

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics 2014;96:549-58.

Late Sodium Current Block for Drug-Induced Long QT Syndrome: Results From a Prospective Clinical Trial

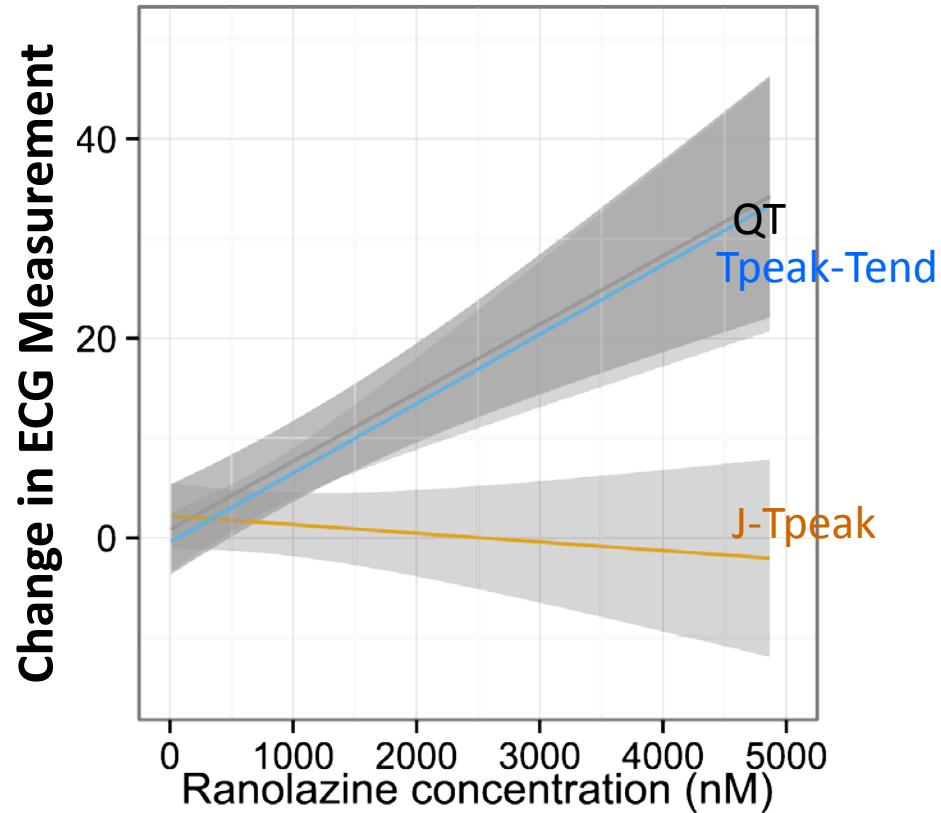
L Johannesen^{1,2}, J Vicente^{1,3,4}, JW Mason^{5,6}, C Erato⁵, C Sanabria⁵, K Waite-Labott⁵, M Hong⁷, J Lin⁷, P Guo⁷, A Mutlib⁷, J Wang⁷, WJ Crumb⁸, K Blinova¹, D Chan¹, J Stohlman¹, J Florian³, M Ugander^{1,2}, N Stockbridge³ and DG Strauss^{1,2}

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics 2016;99:214-23.

Clinical Trial 1: Two Example Drugs

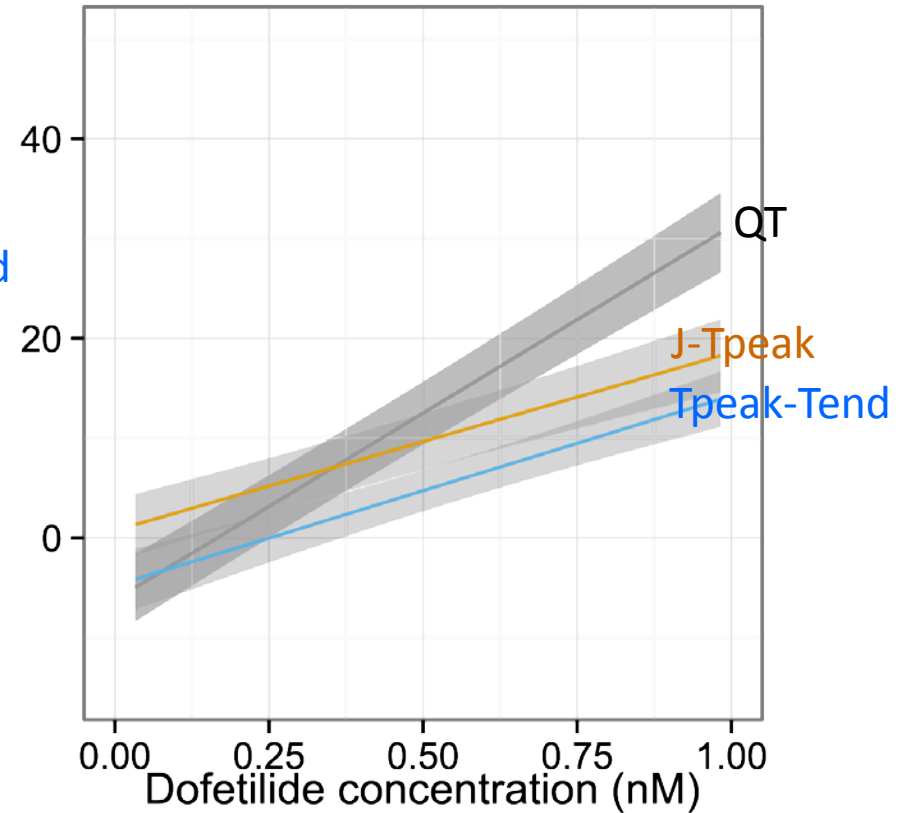
hERG + Late Sodium Block
(low torsade risk)

Ranolazine



Selective hERG Block
(high torsade risk)

Dofetilide



— QT — J-Tpeak — Tpeak-Tend

Comprehensive in vitro Proarrhythmia Assay (CiPA) Initiative – A Global Effort



Proposed at public meeting in July 2013

Nonprofits - Public-Private Partnerships

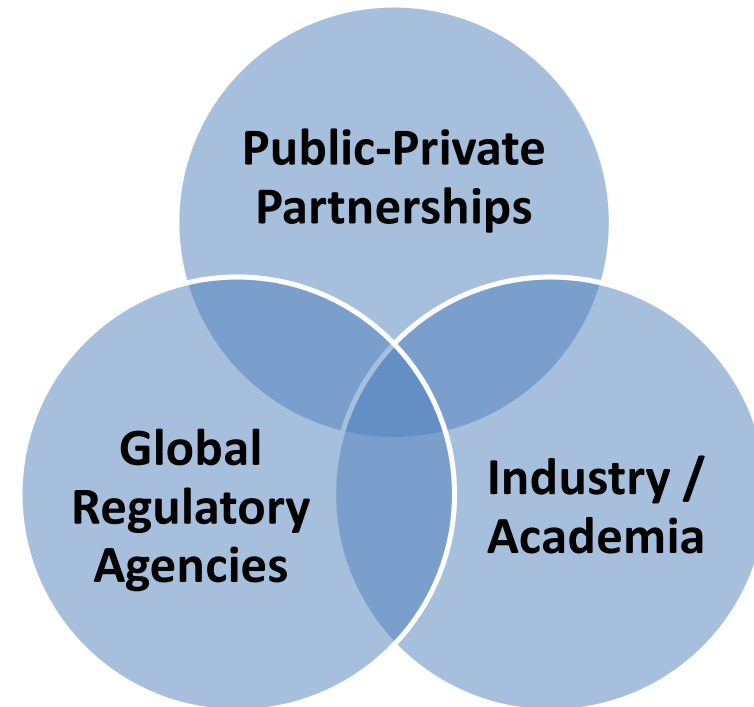
- Health and Environmental Sciences Institute
- Cardiac Safety Research Consortium
- Safety Pharmacology Society

Global Regulatory Agencies

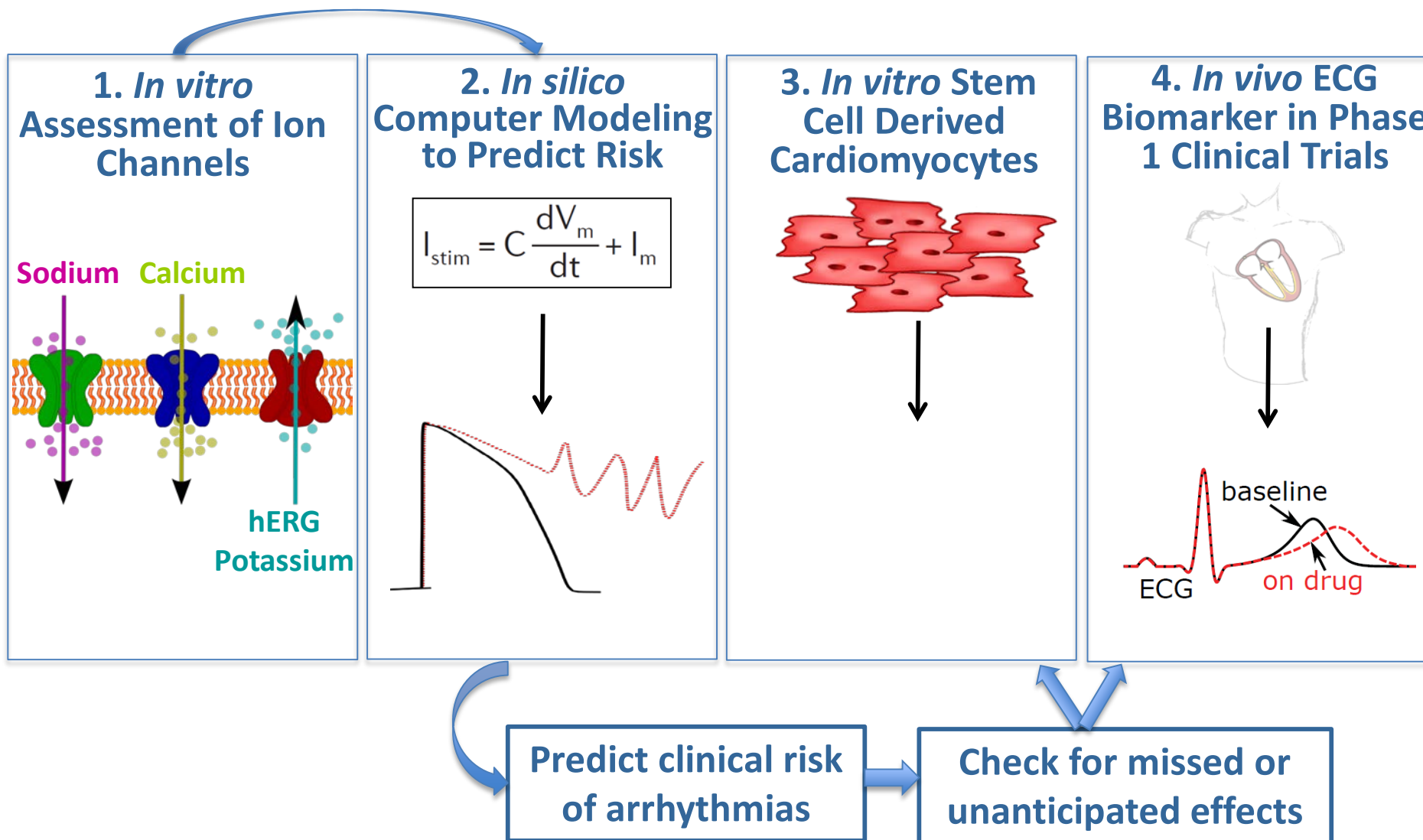
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration
- Japan PMDA / NIHS
- European Medicines Agency
- Health Canada

Academia / Industry

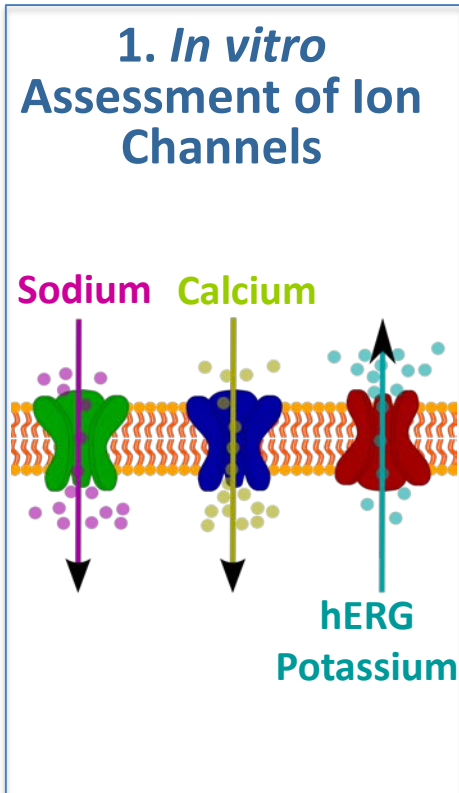
- Numerous Pharmaceutical and Device Companies
- Numerous Academic Groups
- Contract Research Organizations



Comprehensive *in vitro* Proarrhythmia Assay (CiPA): 4 Components



1. What Ion Channels Should be Selected?



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jpharmtox

An evaluation of 30 clinical drugs against the comprehensive *in vitro* proarrhythmia assay (CiPA) proposed ion channel panel

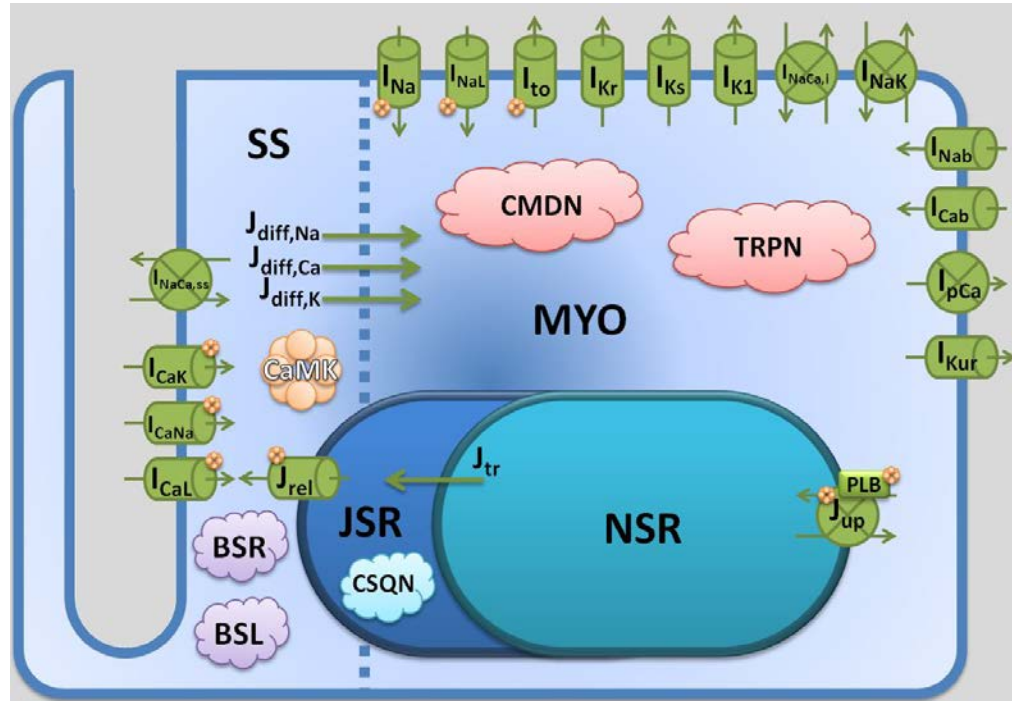
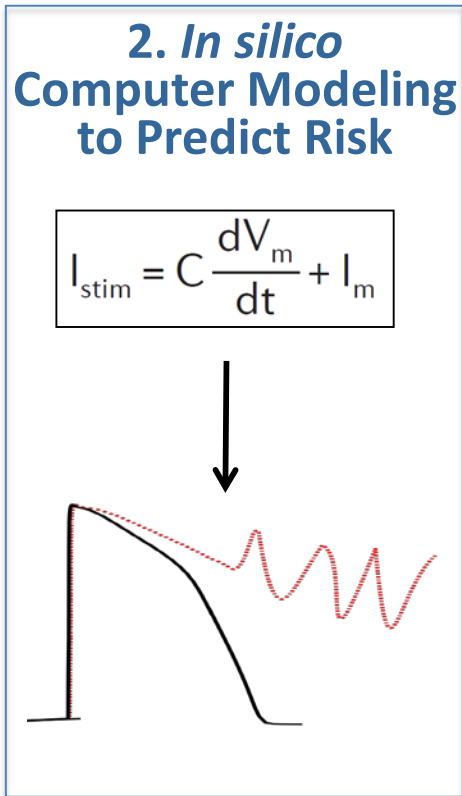
Crumb...Strauss. *J Pharmacol Toxicol Methods* 2016;81:251-62.

Studied 7 ion channels

- **Most commonly blocked** ion channel currents at clinically relevant concentrations are **hERG, late sodium and calcium**
- **Low risk** drugs had **equal or greater late sodium or calcium** block compared to hERG block

2. *In silico* Working Group

- **Goal:** Use a computer model of the adult human cardiomyocyte to predict the clinical risk of drug-induced arrhythmias



O'Hara ... Rudy. *PLOS Comput Biol* 2011;7(5):e1002061.

Optimized Arrhythmia Risk Prediction & Defining Experimental Uncertainty



Original Article

Improving the In Silico Assessment of Proarrhythmia Risk by Combining hERG (Human Ether-à-go-go-Related Gene) Channel-Drug Binding Kinetics and Multichannel Pharmacology

Zhihua Li, PhD; Sara Dutta, PhD; Jiansong Sheng, PhD; Phu N. Tran, PhD; Wendy Wu, PhD; Kelly Chang, PhD; Thembi Mdluli, PhD; David G. Strauss, PhD; Thomas Colatsky, PhD

Circulation: Arrhythmia & Electrophysiology 2017;10:e004628

Optimization of an *In silico* Cardiac Cell Model for Proarrhythmia Risk Assessment

Sara Dutta, Kelly C. Chang, Kylie A. Beattie, Jiansong Sheng, Phu N. Tran, Wendy W. Wu, Min Wu, David G. Strauss, Thomas Colatsky[†] and Zhihua Li^{*}

Frontiers in Physiology 2017. doi: 10.3389/fphys.2017.0016

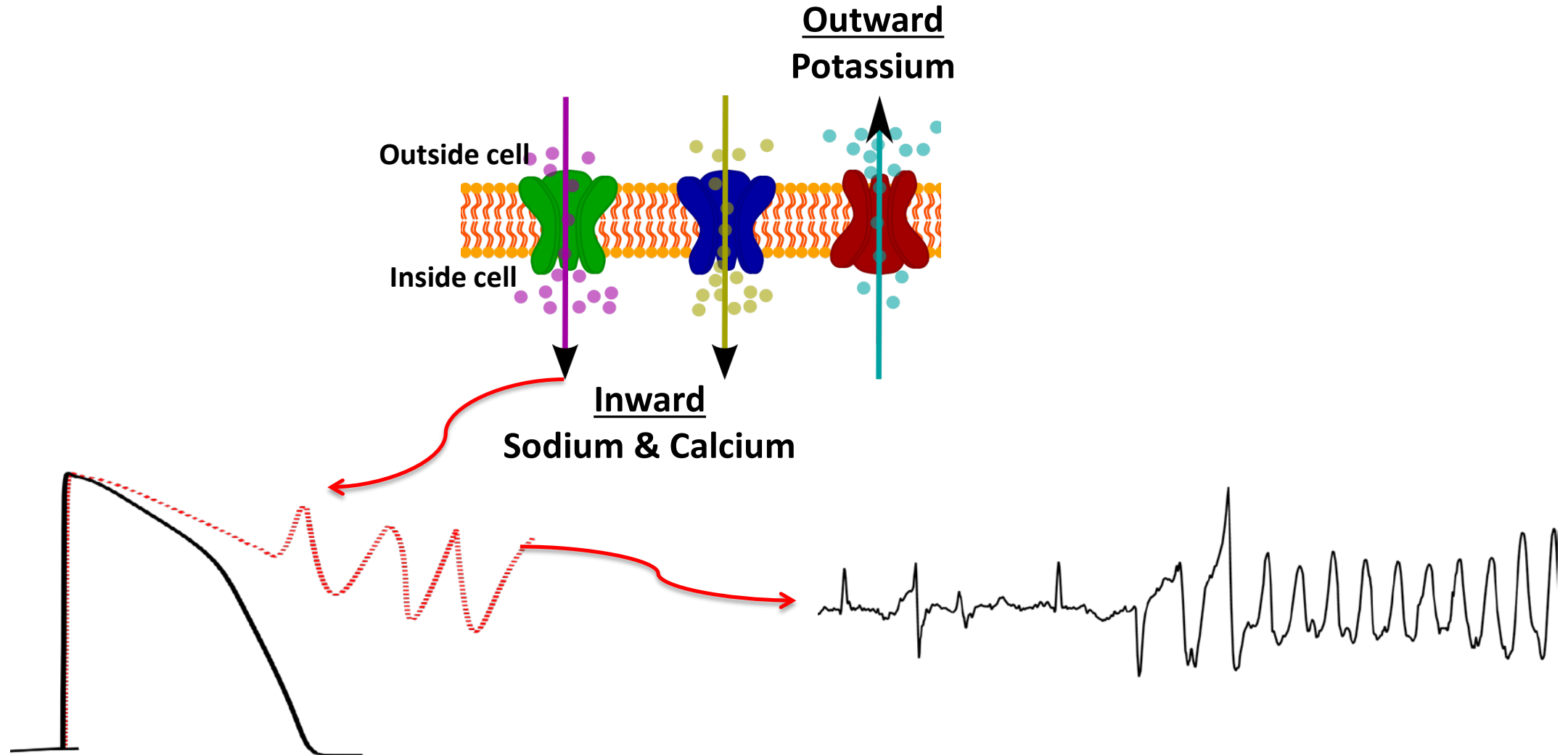
Uncertainty Quantification Reveals the Importance of Data Variability and Experimental Design Considerations for *in Silico* Proarrhythmia Risk Assessment

Kelly C. Chang¹, Sara Dutta¹, Gary R. Mirams², Kylie A. Beattie¹, Jiansong Sheng¹, Phu N. Tran¹, Min Wu¹, Wendy W. Wu¹, Thomas Colatsky³, David G. Strauss¹ and Zhihua Li^{1*}

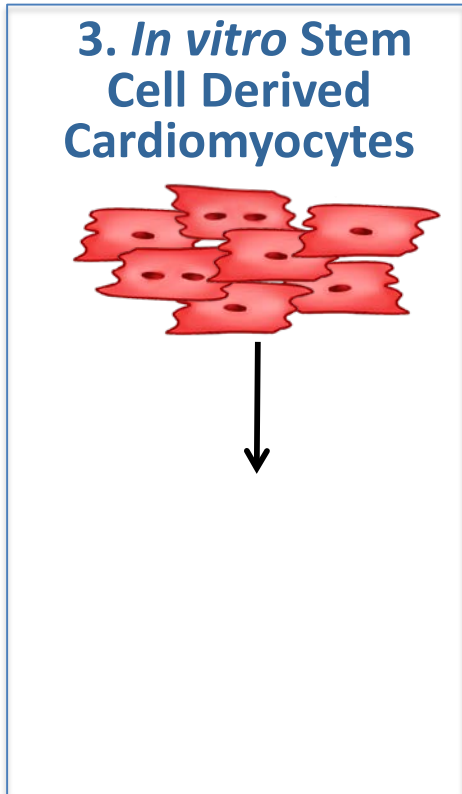
Frontiers in Physiology 2017.
doi: 10.3389/fphys.2017.00917

Arrhythmia Metric – Net Current

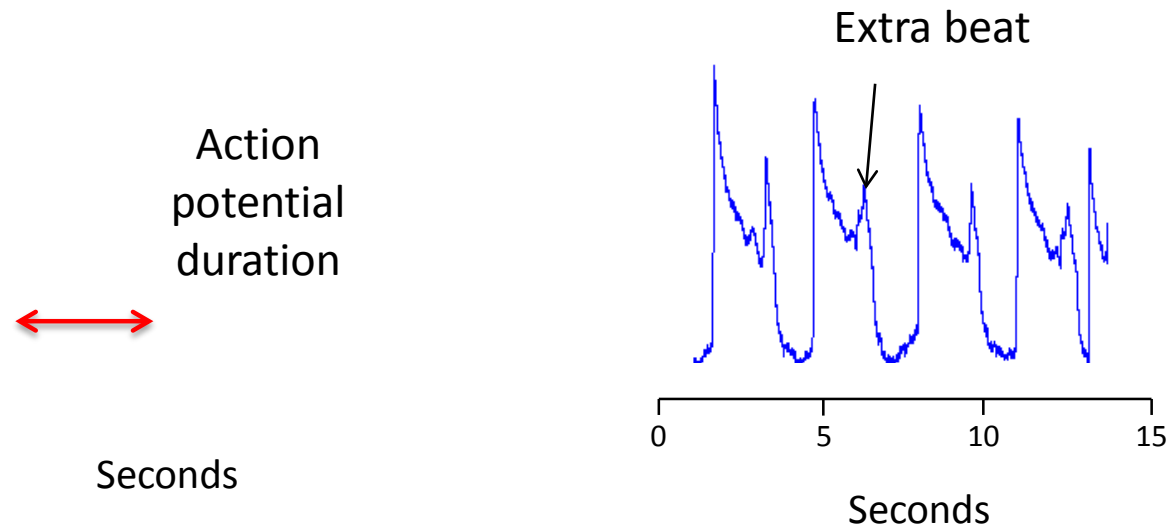
Balance of Inward and Outward Ion Channel Currents



3. Cardiomyocyte Working Group



Goal: Identify missed or unanticipated effects not detected from ion channel/*in silico* studies



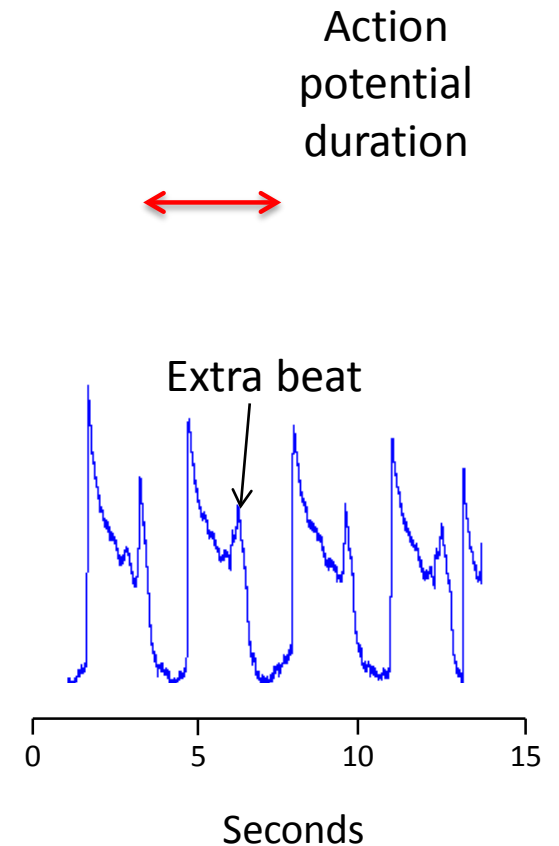
Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell Derived Cardiomyocytes



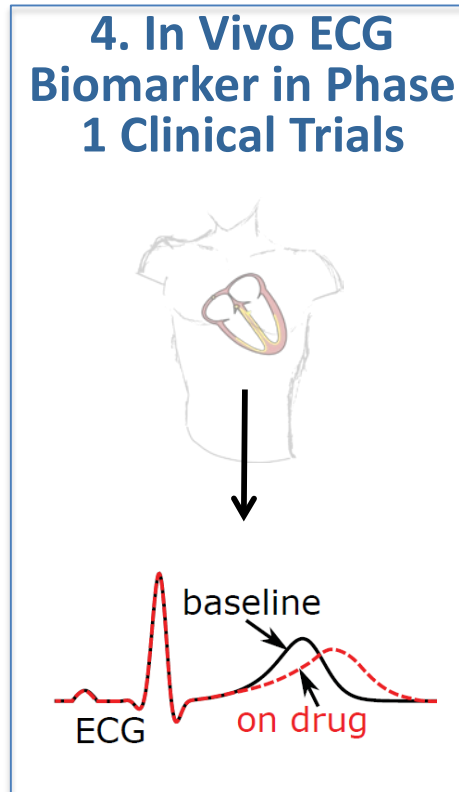
	SOT Society of Toxicology www.toxsci.oxfordjournals.org	TOXICOLOGICAL SCIENCES, 155(1), 2017, 234–247
		doi: 10.1093/toxsci/kfw200 Advance Access Publication Date: October 3, 2016 Research article
<h2>Comprehensive Translational Assessment of Human-Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell Derived Cardiomyocytes for Evaluating Drug-Induced Arrhythmias</h2>		

Blinova...Strauss. *Toxicological Sciences* 2017;155:234-47.

- Study included 26 drugs with 2 laboratory devices and 2 commercially available cell lines
- Subsequent validation study with 10 sites from around the world with multiple cell types and device platforms



4. Phase 1 ECG Biomarker Working Group



- **Goal**: Use human ECG data to determine if there are unexpected ion channel effects compared to preclinical ion channel data
- New ECG biomarker needs to differentiate multi-ion channel effects

Prospective Clinical Trials, Selecting Biomarker, Releasing Open Access Software



Differentiating Drug-Induced Multichannel Block on the Electrocardiogram: Randomized Study of Dofetilide, Quinidine, Ranolazine, and Verapamil

Johannesen...Strauss. *Clin Pharmacol Ther* 2014;96:549-58.

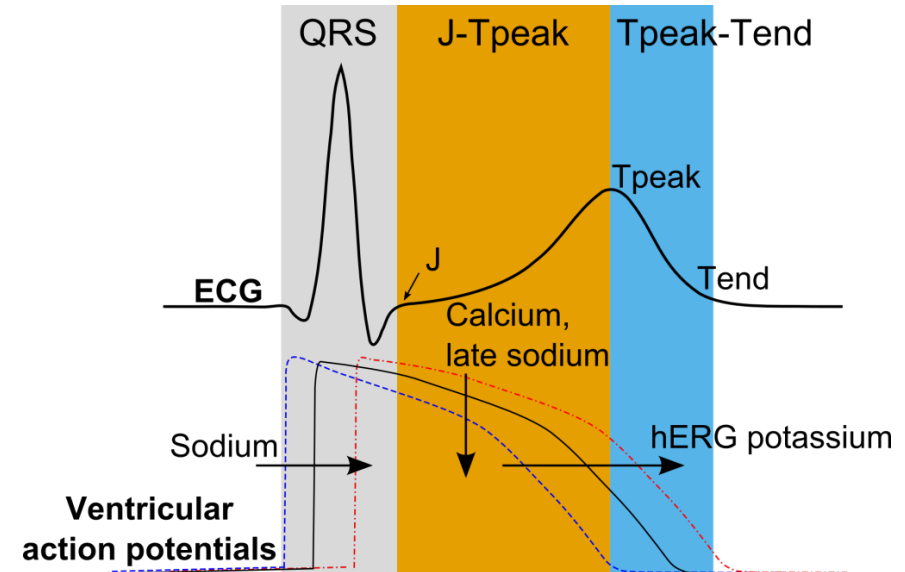
Late Sodium Current Block for Drug-Induced Long QT Syndrome: Results From a Prospective Clinical Trial

Johannesen...Strauss. *Clin Pharmacol Ther* 2016;99:214-23.

All Clinical Trial Data Freely Downloadable Including Open-Source Algorithm

Automated Algorithm for J-T_{peak} and T_{peak}-T_{end} Assessment of Drug-Induced Proarrhythmia Risk

Johannesen...Strauss. *PLOS ONE* 2016;11:e0166925.



Prospective Clinical Validation Study (Clinical Trial 3)



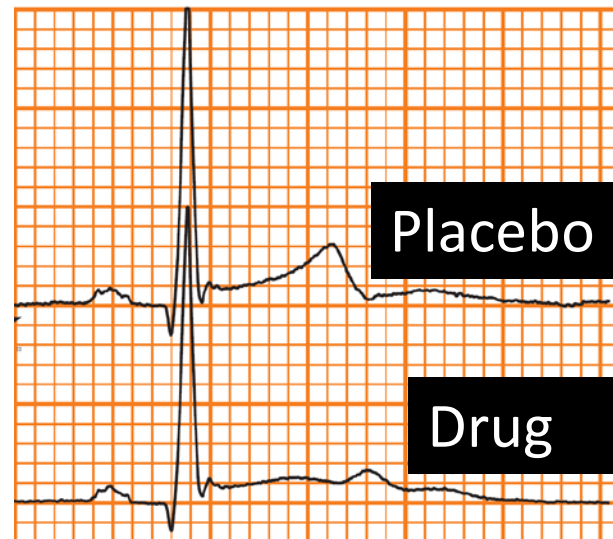
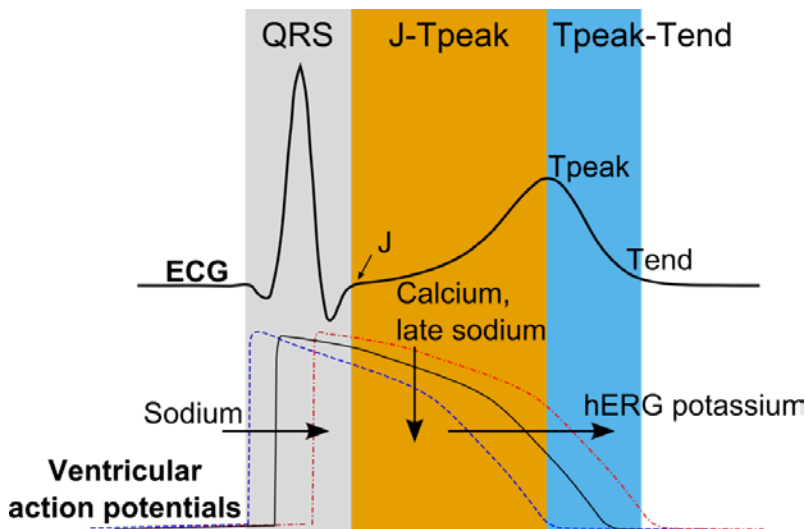
Mechanistic Model-Informed Proarrhythmic Risk Assessment of Drugs: Review of the “CiPA” Initiative and Design of a Prospective Clinical Validation Study

Jose Vicente¹, Robbert Zusterzeel², Lars Johannesen², Jay Mason^{3,4}, Philip Sager⁵, Vikram Patel², Murali K. Matta², Zhihua Li², Jiang Liu², Christine Garnett¹, Norman Stockbridge¹, Issam Zineh² and David G. Strauss²

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics 2018;103:54-66.

Goal: To verify that combined assessment of QT and J-Tpeak can differentiate between drugs that:

- Are selective hERG blockers *versus*
- Have balanced block of hERG and late sodium and/or calcium



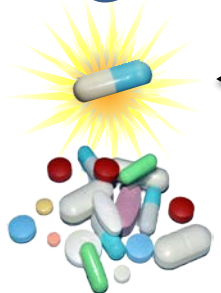
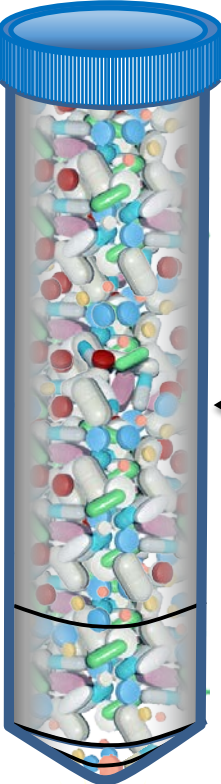
Regulatory Status of the CiPA Initiative

- Discussed at 2017 FDA Advisory Committee on model-informed drug development
- Committee supported proposed regulatory applications and validation approach (pending completion of validation studies)
- We have proposed to update ICH S7B/E14 (Q&A)



CiPA Summary & Expected Impact

Drug Development



Mechanistic studies early in drug development

QT prolongers with low torsade risk could advance

Update drug labels for marketed drugs

Related Areas of Scientific Focus – Precision Medicine



Common Genetic Variant Risk Score Is Associated With Drug-induced QT Prolongation and Torsade de Pointes Risk.

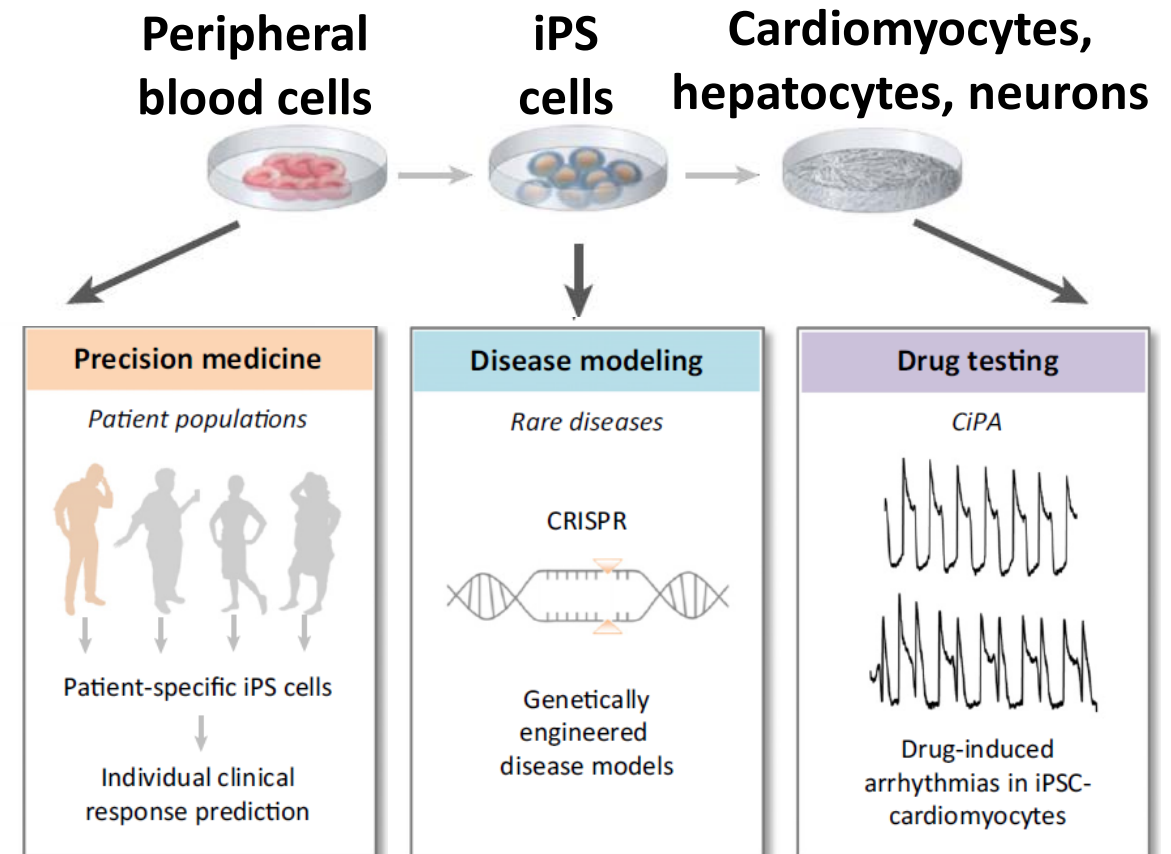
Strauss et al. *Circulation* 2017;135:1300-1310.

Weighted score of >60 common genetic variant risk score explains

- 23-30% of variability in QT response
- 12% of variability drug-induced torsade de pointes

Clinical Trials in a Dish.

Strauss and Blinova. *Trends Pharmacol Sci* 2017;38:4-7.



We Need Collaboration To Advance Regulatory Science!

Trends in Pharmacological Sciences

Science & Society

Regulatory Science –
An Underappreciated
Component of
Translational Research

Rodney Rouse,¹ Issam Zineh,²
and David G. Strauss^{1,*}

“... we focus on the importance of regulatory science to facilitate development of innovative new drugs and optimize use of approved drugs, with a call for community participation.”

Trends in Pharmacological Sciences 2018;39:225-9.

We Do That Through a Translational Regulatory Science Approach in the Division of Applied Regulatory Science



- Multidisciplinary expertise:
 - Physicians, veterinarians, pharmacists
 - Pharmacologists, toxicologists, physiologists, pharmacokineticists
 - Immunologists, molecular biologists, microbiologists
 - Biochemists, inorganic chemists, pharmaceutical scientists
 - Computational biologists, engineers, bio-physicists, mathematicians

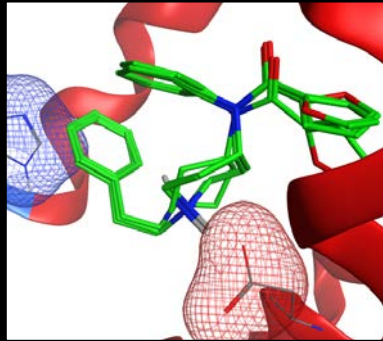
Additional Example Focus Areas in the Division of Applied Regulatory Science



1. Modeling & Simulation

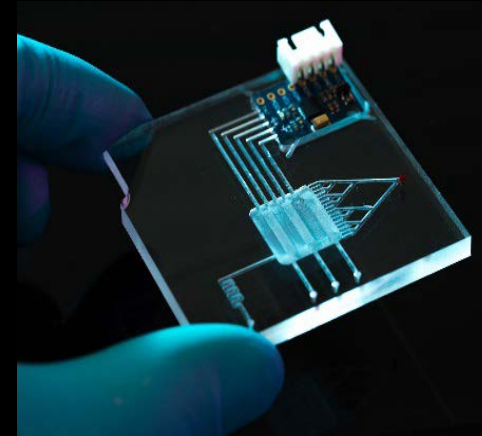


3D Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship Models



Opioid receptor

2. In Vitro Models



Microphysiological systems
("organ-on-a-chip")

3. In Vivo Models



Immune/liver
humanized mice

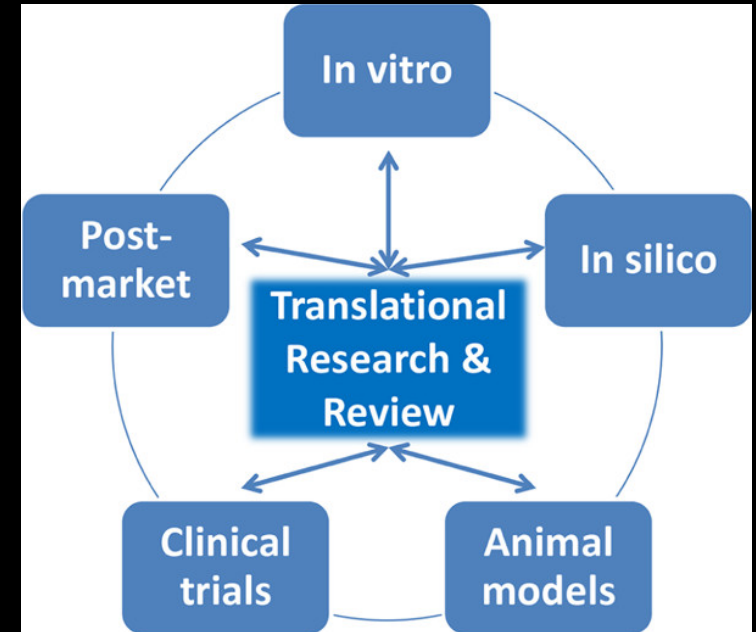
4. Clinical Pharmacology & Biomarker Studies



Want to Learn More?

Translating New Science Into the Drug Review Process: The US FDA's Division of Applied Regulatory Science

Rodney Rouse, DVM, MBA, PhD¹, Naomi Kruhlak, PhD¹, James Weaver, PhD¹, Keith Burkhart, MD¹, Vikram Patel, PhD¹, and David G. Strauss, MD, PhD¹



Therapeutic Innovation & Regulatory Science 2018;52:244-55.

Thank you!

Special thanks:

- Pre-FDA/CDER
 - Galen Wagner, Duke
 - Hakan Arheden, Lund
 - Kathy Wu, Johns Hopkins
 - Victor Krauthamer, FDA/CDRH
- Goldberg supporters:
 - Issam Zineh, FDA/CDER
 - Norman Stockbridge, FDA/CDER
 - Janet Woodcock, FDA/CDER
 - Robert Califf, FDA & Duke
 - Dan Roden, Vanderbilt
- Multiple additional collaborators from numerous teams from FDA, other government agencies, industry and academia
- Special thanks:
 - Prior PhD students: Lars Johannesen, Jose Vicente, Robbert Zusterzeel
 - CiPA steering team and working group members; additional major contributors from FDA: Wendy Wu, Zihua Li, Ksenia Blinova and many more
- All staff & colleagues from the Division of Applied Regulatory Science and throughout all of the Office of Clinical Pharmacology